## **POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (P2 PLAN)**

### 2.0 Authorized Non-Stormwater Discharges

Type of Authorized Non-Stormwater Discharge Likely Present at Your Project Site?

	79	÷
External buildings wash down		☐ No
Uncontaminated foundation or footing drains	∑ Yes	☐ No
Uncontaminated excavation dewatering	∑ Yes	☐ No
Landscape irrigation	X Yes	☐ No
Others [describe]	₩ Yes	$\Box$ No

#### 5.0 Potential Sources of Pollution & Pollution Prevention Practices

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Pollutant-Generating Activity	Likely Present at your Project Site?	Sediment	Nutrients	Heavy Metals	pH (acids and bases)	Pesticides & Herbicides	Oil & Grease	Bacteria & Viruses	Trash, Debris, Solids	Other Toxic Chemicals	Pollution Prevention Practice	Responsible Party
Clearing, grading, excavating, and un-stabilized areas	∑ Yes ☐ No	Х							х		(1)	
Paving operations	☐ Yes ☐ No	х					Х		х		(2)	
Concrete washout and cement waste	X Yes □ No			Х	х				х		(3)	
Structure construction, stucco, painting, and cleaning	X Yes ☐ No			Х	х				х	Х	(4)	
Dewatering operations	X Yes ☐ No	Х	Х			7			х		(5)	
Material delivery and storage	X Yes □ No	Х	Х	Х	х		Х		х	х	(6)	Construction Activity Operator (See Cover Page of this SWPPP)
Material use during building process	X Yes ☐ No		х	х	х		Х		х	х	(7)	rage of this ovvere)
Solid waste disposal	X Yes ☐ No								х	Х	(8)	
Sanitary waste	☐ Yes ☐ No		Х		х			Х			(9)	
Landscaping operations	X Yes □ No	Х	Х			Х			х	х	(10)	
Others [describe]	☐ Yes ☐ No	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	[X]	(11)	

#### **Pollution Prevention Practices:**

- (1) Clearing, grading, excavating and un-stabilized areas Utilize erosion and sediment controls to prevent sediment laden or turbid runoff from leaving the construction site. Dispose of clearing debris at acceptable disposal sites. Apply permanent or temporary stabilization, sodding and/or mulching to denuded areas in accordance with the erosion and sediment control specifications and the general VPDES permit for discharges of stormwater from construction activities.
- (2) Paving operations Cover storm drain inlets during paving operations and utilize pollution prevention materials such as drip pans and absorbent/oil dry for all paving machines to limit leaks and spills of paving materials and
- (3) Concrete washout and cement waste Direct concrete wash water into a leak-proof container or leak-proof settling basin that is designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Hardened concrete wastes shall be removed and disposed of in a manner consistent with the handling of other
- (4) Structure construction, stucco, painting and cleaning Enclose, cover or berm building material storage areas if susceptible to contaminated stormwater runoff. Conduct painting operations consistent with local air quality and OSHA regulations. Mix paint indoors, in a containment area or in a flat unpaved area. Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and wash water from construction materials, including the clean-up of stucco paint, form release oils and curing compounds.
- Dewatering operations Construction site dewatering from building footings or other sources may not be discharged without treatment. Sediment laden or turbid water shall be filtered, settled or similarly treated prior
- Material delivery and storage Designate areas of the construction site for material delivery and storage. Place near construction entrances, away from waterways, and avoid transport near drainage paths or
- (7) Material use during building process Use materials only where and when needed to complete the construction activity. Follow manufacturer's instructions regarding uses, protective equipment, ventilation,
- flammability and mixing of chemicals. (8) Solid waste disposal - Designate a waste collection area on the construction site that does not receive a substantial amount of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a waterway. Ensure that containers have lids so they can be covered before periods of rain, and keep containers in a covered area
- whenever possible. Schedule waste collection to prevent the containers from overfilling. Sanitary waste - Prevent the discharge of sanitary waste by providing convenient and well-maintained portable sanitary facilities. Locate sanitary facilities in a convenient location away from waterways. (10) Landscaping operations - Maintain as much existing vegetation as practicable. Apply permanent or
- temporary stabilization, sodding and/or mulching to denuded areas in accordance with the erosion and sedimen control specifications and the general VPDES permit for discharges of stormwater from construction activities. Apply nutrients in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and not during rainfall events.
- (11) Others If applicable, describe your Pollution Prevention Practice.

## 7.0 Spill Prevention & Response

Most spills can be cleaned up following manufacturer specifications. Absorbent/oil dry, sealable containers, plastic bags, and shovels/brooms are suggested minimum spill response items that should be available at this location.

Protect all people 2<sup>nd</sup> Priority: Protect equipment and property

3<sup>rd</sup> Priority: Protect the environment

- 1. Check for hazards (flammable material, noxious fumes, cause of spill) if flammable liquid, turn off engines and nearby electrical equipment. <u>If serious hazards are present leave the area and call 911. LARGE SPILLS</u> ARE LIKELY TO PRESENT A HAZARI
- 2. Make Sure the spill area is safe to enter and that it does not pose an immediate threat to health or safety of
- Call co-workers and supervisor for assistance and to make them aware of the spill and potential dangers.
- If possible, stop spill from entering drains (use absorbent or other material as necessary). Stop spill from spreading (use absorbent or other material)
- If spilled material has entered a storm sewer; contact locality's storm water department.
- 8. Clean up spilled material according to manufacturer specifications, for liquid spills use absorbent materials
- and do not flush area with water. 9. Properly dispose of cleaning materials and used absorbent material according to manufacturer specifications.

## Emergency Contacts:

**Normal Working Hours** 703-583-3800 DEQ Northern Regional Office

Nights, Holidays & Weekends 804-674-2400 VA Dept. of Emergency Management 24 Hour Reporting Service

Arlington County Fire & Police 703-558-2222

DES Water, Sewer, Streets 24-Hour Emergency 703-228-6555 Washington Gas Emergency

## NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES AS REQUIRED BY ARLINGTON COUNTY

ONLY THE FOLLOWING NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES ARE AUTHORIZED BY ARLINGTON COUNTY'S MS4 PERMIT, UNLESS THE STATE WATER CONTROL BOARD, THE VIRGINIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION BOARD (BOARD), OR ARLINGTON COUNTY DETERMINES THE DISCHARGE TO BE A SIGNIFICANT SOURCE OF POLLUTANTS TO SURFACE WATERS: WATER LINE FLUSHING; LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION; DIVERTED STREAM FLOWS; RISING GROUND WATERS; UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER INFILTRATION (AS DEFINED AT 40 CFR 35.2005(20)); UNCONTAMINATED PUMPED GROUND WATER; DISCHARGES FROM POTABLE WATER SOURCES: FOUNDATION DRAINS: AIR CONDITIONING CONDENSATION: IRRIGATION WATER; SPRINGS; WATER FROM CRAWL SPACE PUMPS; FOOTING DRAINS; LAWN WATERING; INDIVIDUAL RESIDENTIAL CAR WASHING; FLOWS FROM RIPARIAN HABITATS AND WETLANDS; DECHLORINATED SWIMMING POOL DISCHARGES; DISCHARGES OR FLOWS FROM FIRE FIGHTING; AND, OTHER ACTIVITIES GENERATING DISCHARGES IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AS NOT REQUIRING VPDES AUTHORIZATION.

APPROPRIATE CONTROLS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT ANY NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES NOT INCLUDED ON THE ABOVE LIST (E.G., CONCRETE WASH WATER, PAINT WASH WATER, VEHICLE WASH WATER, DETERGENT WASH WATER, ETC.) FROM BEING DISCHARGED INTO ARLINGTON COUNTY'S MS4 SYSTEM, WHICH INCLUDES THE CURB AND GUTTER SYSTEM, AS WELL AS CATCH BASINS AND OTHER STORM DRAIN INLETS, OR STREAM NETWORK. PER CHAPTER 26 OF THE ARLINGTON COUNTY CODE, IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO DISCHARGE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM OR STATE WATERS, ANY SUBSTANCE LIKELY, IN THE OPINION OF THE COUNTY MANAGER, TO HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM OR STATE WATERS. US Filter Bags are designed to collect silt and sediment from pumped water and are ideal for construction site dewatering applications. To begin dewatering, simply cut an opening into the bag, insert the discharge hose and secure the connection with a clamp, tie or tape. US Filter Bags are made from a nonwoven, needlepunched, polypropylene geotextile that meets the following M.A.R.V. values except where noted:

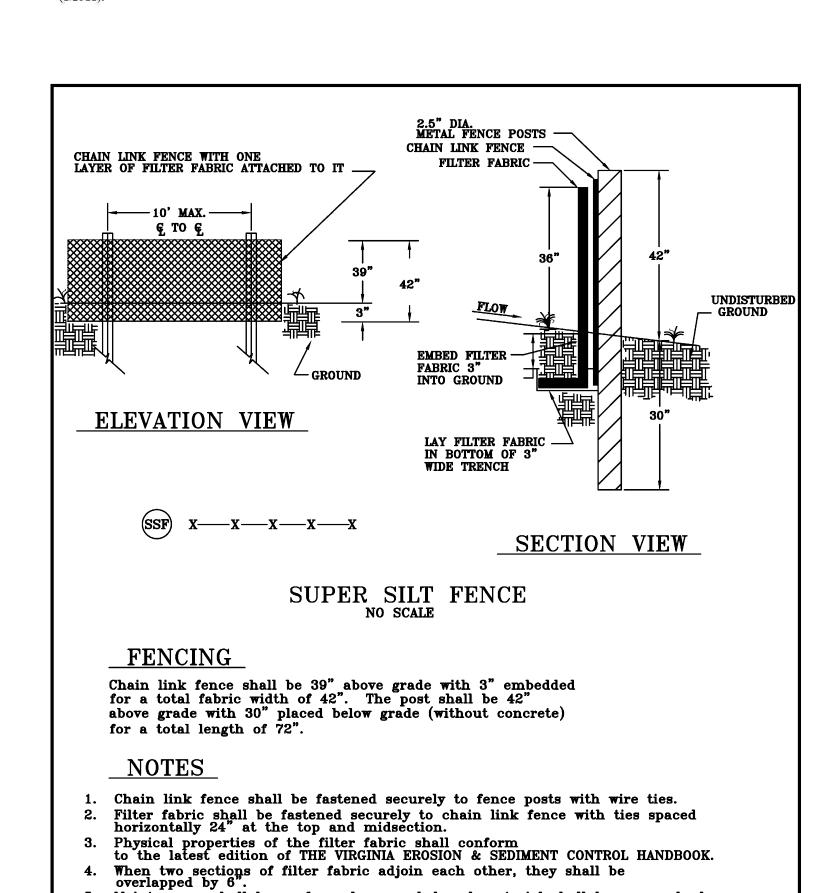


THIS PRODUCT SHALL SERVE AS THE APPROVED DEWATERING/ FILTERING DEVICE AS LISTED IN NOTE ES-8 UNDER GENERAL **EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL** NOTES TO BE USED IF NECESSARY.

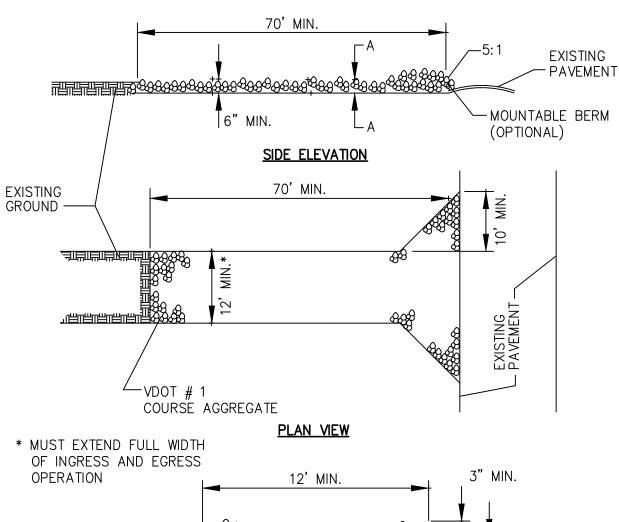
PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	ENGLISH	METRIC
Weight - Typical	ASTM D-5261	8 oz/sy	271 g/sm
Tensile Strength	ASTM D-4632	205 lbs	912 N
Elongation @ Break	ASTM D-4632	50%	50%
Mullen Burst	ASTM D-3786	350 psi	2,413 kPa
Puncture Strength	ASTM D-4833	120 lbs	534 N
CBR Puncture	ASTM D-6241	535 lbs	2,381 N
Trapezoidal Tear	ASTM D-4533	85 lbs	378 N
Apparent Opening Size	ASTM D-4751	80 US Sieve	0.180 mm
Permittivity	ASTM D-4491	1.35 Sec-1	1.35 Sec-1
Water Flow Rate	ASTM D-4491	90 g/min/sf	3,657 l/min/sm
UV Resistance @ 500 Hours	ASTM D-4355	70%	70%

ROLL SIZE	AREA	WEIGHT
15' x 10'	17 sys	20 lbs
15' x 15'	25 sys	30 lbs

The above information is to the best of our knowledge accurate, but it is not intended to be considered a guarantee. Any implied warranty for a particular use or purpose is excluded. If the product does not meet the above properties, and notice is given to US Fabrics, Inc., the product will be replaced or refunded



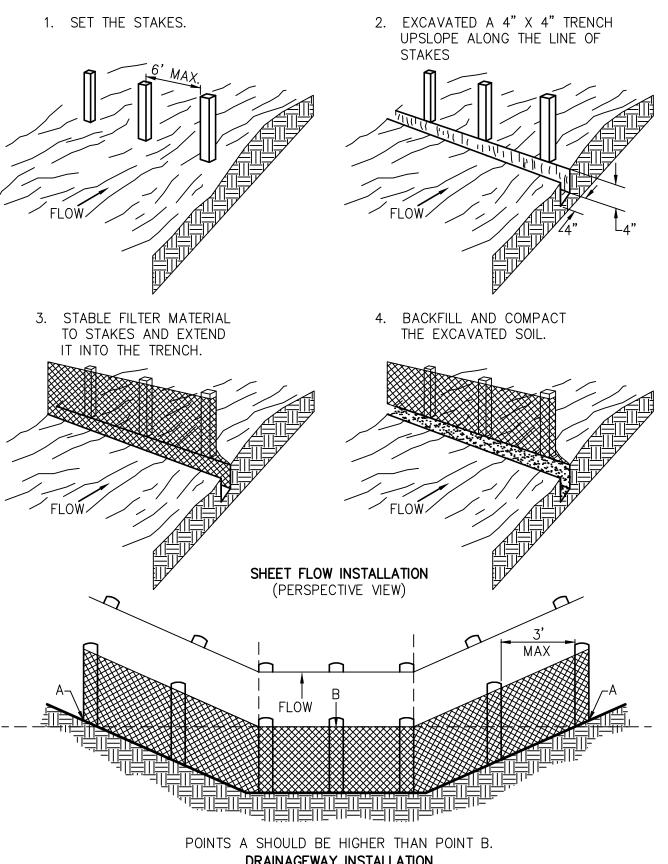
Maintenance shall be performed as needed and material shall be removed when sediment build-up reaches 50% of the height of the super silt fence.



SECTION A-A FILTER CLOTH -**CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE** 

> THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL NOT MEET THE 12' WIDTH AND 70' LENGTH REQUIREMENT DUE TO THE LOCATION OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED BUILDINGS

NOT TO SCALE



DRAINAGEWAY INSTALLATION (FRONT ELEVATION)

**CONSTRUCTION OF SILT FENCE** 

#### **TABLE 3.31-B** (Revised June 2003) **TEMPORARY SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS** QUICK REFERENCE FOR ALL REGIONS

SEED				
APPLICATION DATES	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATES		
Sept. 1 - Feb. 15	50/50 Mix of Annual Ryegrass (Iolium multi- florum) & Cereal (Winter) Rye (Secale cereale)	50 -100 (lbs/acre)		
Feb. 16 - Apr. 30	Annual Ryegrass (Iolium multi-florum)	60 - 100 (lbs/acre)		
May 1 - Aug. 31	German Millet	50 (lbs/acre)		

#### FERTILIZER & LIME

- Apply 10-10-10 fertilizer at a rate of 450 lbs. / acre (or 10 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft.) Apply Pulverized Agricultural Limestone at a rate of 2 tons/acre (or 90 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft.)
- 1 A soil test is necessary to determine the actual amount of lime required to adjust the soil pH of site.
- 2 Incorporate the lime and fertilizer into the top 4-6 inches of the soil by disking or by other means. - When applying Slowly Available Nitrogen, use rates available in Erosion & Sediment Control Technical Bulletin # 4, 2003 Nutrient Management for Development Sites at http://www.dcr.state.va.us/sw/e&s.htm#pubs

#### **TABLE 3.32-D** (Revised June 2003) PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS FOR PIEDMONT AREA

SEED¹						
LAND USE	SPECIES	APPLICATION PER ACRE				
Minimum Care Lawn (Commercial or Residential)	Tall Fescue <sup>1</sup> Perennial Ryegrass Kentucky Bluegrass <sup>1</sup>	95-100% 0-5% 0-5%				
	, ű	TOTAL: 175-200 lbs				
High-Maintenance Lawn	Tall Fescue <sup>1</sup>	TOTAL: 200-250 lbs				
General Slope (3:1 or less)	Tall Fescue <sup>1</sup> Red Top Grass or Creeping Red Fescue Seasonal Nurse Crop <sup>2</sup>	128 lbs 2 lbs <u>20 lbs</u> TOTAL: 150 lbs				
Low-Maintenance Slope (Steeper than 3:1)	Tall Fescue <sup>1</sup> Red Top Grass or Creeping Red Fescue Seasonal Nurse Crop <sup>2</sup> Crownvetch <sup>3</sup>	108 lbs 2 lbs 20 lbs <u>20 lbs</u> TOTAL: 150 lbs				

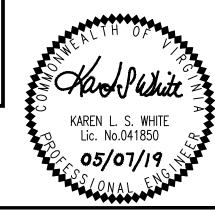
1 - When selecting varieties of turfgrass, use the Virginia Crop Improvement Association (VCIA) recommended turfgrass variety list. Quality seed will bear a label indicating that they are approved by VCIA. A current turfgrass variety list is available at the local County Extension office or through VCIA at 804-746-4884 or at http://sudan.cses.vt.edu/html/Turf/turf/publications/publications2.html

2 - Use seasonal nurse crop in accordance with seeding dates as stated below: February 16th - April . May 1st - August 15th Foxtail Millet August 16th - October . Annual Rye

November - February 15<sup>th</sup> · Substitute Sericea lespedeza for Crownvetch east of Farmville, VA (May through September use hulled seed, all other periods, use unhulled Sericea). If Flatpea is used, increase rate to 30 lbs./acre. If Weeping Lovegrass is used, include in any slope or low maintenance mixture during warmer seeding periods, increase to 30 -40

## **FERTILIZER & LIME**

- Apply 10-20-10 **fertilizer** at a rate of **500** lbs. / acre (or 12 lbs. / 1,000 sq. ft.) Apply Pulverized Agricultural Limestone at a rate of 2 tons/acre (or 90 lbs. / 1.000 sq. ft.)
- A soil test is necessary to determine the actual amount of lime required to adjust the soil pH of site. - Incorporate the lime and fertilizer into the top 4 – 6 inches of the soil by disking or by other means. · When applying Slowly Available Nitrogen, use rates available in Erosion & Sediment Control Technical Bulletin # 4, 2003 Nutrient Management for Development Sites at http://www.dcr.state.va.us/sw/e&s.htm#pubs



## **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES**



Engineers • Surveyors • Planners Landscape Architects • Arborists 207 PARK AVENUE FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA 22046

(703) 532-6163 Fax (703) 533-1301

# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

**ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA** 

**4219 LORCOM LANE** 

THE PROPERTY OF R.A. PHILLIPS **DEMOLITION PLAN** 

4219 LORCOM LANE, ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22207 DRAWN CR CHECKED TPB/KW

SCALE: **NONE** SUBMITTED DATE 02/20/2019 APPROVED DATE DIRECTOR OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES SHEET: **D-0603**