rm	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments
1.1 public space (see also public realm,	Multi-functional spaces—such as parks, plazas, trails, streets, and recreation	An array of public spacesparks, natural areas, attractive streetscapes and	Throughout	Comments
civic space)	facilities—that support recreation and leisure and that are accessible and	scenic views, pedestrian passageways, landscaped buffers, historical sites,	Tinoughout	
civic space,	usable by all of Arlington's residents, workers, and visitors.			
	usable by all of Affiligion's residents, workers, and visitors.	community centers, cultural spaces and atheletic fields, amongst others-		
		helps to make Arlington County an attractive and hospitable community for		
		families, individuals, workesr and visitors from all social and economic		
		circumstances. (2005 PSMP)		
		An open space designated on the regulating plan, accessible to all, including		
		Plazas, Mini-Parks, and Neighborhoods Parks. (Columbia Pike Neighborhood		
		Form Based Code)		
1.2 park/parkland	Land that is primarily used for recreation, leisure, or conservation of natural	,		
	resources—including ancillary uses that support these primary uses (e.g.,			
	recreation facilities, storage, parking).			
	recreation racinities, storage, parking,			
1.3 plaza	Places of respite—primarily in high-density areas amid bustling streets and	A public open space designated on the REGULATING PLAN that is not designed	Existing Public Space System	
	buildings—to sit, play and relax that may, depending on their design, also	for active recreation structures such as ball fields and courts and has a		
	serve as small gathering and event spaces.	maximum of 70 percent paved surface area. Plazas incorporate a higher		
		percentage of paved surface area than other types of PUBLIC SPACES to		
		accommodate a high pedestrian traffic level. Surface treatment and materials		
		shall be at least 30 percent unpaved pervious surface (turf, groundcover,		
		gravel, soil or mulch), excluding any public art or monument footprint. At leas	t	
		50 percent of the unpaved pervious surface area shall be vegetated.		
		(Columbia Pike Neighborhood Form Based Code)		
		(1111)		
		In public and private augustable are most commonly small scale spaces		
		In public and private ownership, are most commonly small-scale spaces		
		offering seating, shade, and modest public amenities along public streets and		
		sidewalks These spaces are envisioned as extensions of the public street		
		space and offer places for relaxation, socializing, and people watching. While		
		most plazas will be privately owned and maintained, each should be fully		
		accessible to the public. These spaces are not intended to satisfy the need for		
		large urban parks described above, which can better accommodate other		
		recreational uses. (Clarendon Sector Plan)		
1.4 natural lands (see also natural		Natural Lands are considered a subset of Open Space and refer to parcels of	NRMP description in Planning	
resources, preserved natural area)		land "which have experienced only minimal human alteration or have	Context section; quality of life	
		recovered from anthropogenic disturbance under mostly natural regimes of	benefits section	
		species interaction and disturbance." (NRMP)		
1.5 historic resources	Areas with a defined historical architectural, archaeological, and cultural			
1.5 matoric resources				
	component. Examples are County-owned historic buildings (community			
	centers, schools, offices), civil-war forts, cemeteries, Native American sites,			
	structures (such as bridges or roads), or other sites determined to have			
	historical value or interest to the community.			
1.6 casual use space	Spaces intentionally designed to support casual, impromptu use, including		1.3.1.	
-	relaxation, reflection, informal activities, and connection with nature. Some			
	casual use spaces are generally available, while others are available at			

erm	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments
1.7 recreation	Athletic or leisure activity undertaken for enjoyment, either in an organized or informal capacity.		Throughout	
1.8 recreation facility	Structure built, equipment installed, or space designed indoors or outdoors to enable one or more particular recreational activities.		1.2.2.	
1.9 recreation center	A building that is designed to enable indoor recreation.		1.2.2.	
1.10 community center	A building that is designed to enable a wide range of community-focused and civic programs and events, which may include recreation.		1.2.2., 1.4.6.	
1.11 multi-use activity center	A facility or group of facilities that can accommodate active recreation and is designed for maximum flexibility of use.		1.2.4.	
1.12 sports complex	A facility or group of indoor or outdoor facilities that is designed to accommodate specific team or individual athletic activities, including tournaments.		1.2.3.	
1.13 primary multi-use trail	A key off-street recreation and transportation corridor that may connect Arlington to surrounding jurisdictions and the larger regional trail network. A primary multi-use trail is paved, at least 10' wide, and striped to separate directions of travel. It includes seating areas, signage, and trail-specific lighting. The user base for a primary multi-use trail is broad, including pedestrians, runners, joggers, cyclists, and skaters.	Shared-use Trail – A path segregated from motorized traffic for the use of bicyclists, pedestrians, and users of motorized wheelchairs. (Master Transportation Plan)	Existing Public Space System section	
1.14 secondary multi-use trail	An off-street recreation corridor. It is paved, at least 8' wide. A secondary multi-use trail may be linear, connecting multiple neighborhoods or public spaces, or loops, providing recreational circuits within one public spaces. It includes seating areas, signage, and trail-specific lighting. The user base for a secondary multi-use trail is broad, including pedestrians, runners, joggers, cyclists, and skaters.		Existing Public Space System section	
1.15 connecting trail	A small segment of trail that provides connections between primary or secondary multi-use trails, between primary or secondary trails and neighborhoods, or between primary or secondary trails and parking areas. It is at least 5' wide and may include seating areas and signage.		Existing Public Space System section	
1.16 protected on-street trail	Parallel pedestrian and cycling facilities (a protected bike route with adjacent sidewalk) that are protected from vehicular traffic, located within street rights of way, and together serve similar functions to off-street trails.		Existing Public Space System section; 2.4; 3.1.2.	
1.17 hiking trail	An unpaved path at least 4' wide that may include seating areas- located primarily along the Potomac River, Four Mile Run, and their tributaries. The user base for hiking trails includes pedestrians and hikers.			
1.18 green street	A tree-lined street that is designed to serve as an extension of the public space system. A green street offers pedestrians, cyclists, and drivers a more attractive travel experience, provides shade in the heat, blocks wind in the cold, and may integrate stormwater management features. A green street provides a visual cue that there is a public space destination along the path of travel.	A green street is a street with a vegetated area in the public right of way that reduces the volume of stormwater and stormwater pollutants that enter our local streams, Potomac River and the Chesapeake Bay. (Green Streets Program, Arlington County)		

1: Terms related to the PSMP do	L: Terms related to the PSMP document					
Term	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments		
1.19 park framework plan	A conceptual diagram that identifies intended uses for a park and in what		1.2.5.			
	zones those uses are intended to occur. Types of zones include places for play,					
	casual use, athletics, conservation, and natural and historical resources. Key					
	internal and external connections are also displayed.					
1.20 park master plan	A refined landscape and architectural plan with specific dimensions, material	s,	1.2.6.			
	and facilities that identifies park expansion areas, elements that need to be					
	fixed or restored, or elements that need to be completely overhauled.					
1.21 program/programming	Formally structured activities that take place in public spaces, including but		SD 5			
	not limited to sports, fitness, nature, art, and special events.					
1.22 privately-owned public space	A privately developed space that remains under private ownership and is		existing public space system			
	usually privately maintained but has an easement that makes it open and		section; 1.2.17.; 1.2.18.; 8.3.1.			
	accessible to the public.					

Terms defined in other County plans					
erm	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments	
2.1 civic space (see also public	realm,	an outdoor area dedicated for public use. Civic Space types are defined by the			
public space)		combination of certain physical constants including the relationship between	า		
		their intended use, their size, their landscaping and their fronting buildings.			
		(Crystal City Sector Plan)			
2.2 public realm (see also publ	c space,	area of the built environment dedicated to public accessibility and use,			
civic space)		commonly composed of streets, sidewalks, and public open spaces such as			
		parks, squares and plazas. The public realm is spatially defined by the			
		buildings, both public and private, fronting its edges. (Crystal City Sector Plan	1)		
2.3 easement		a right granted to one property owner (often a public entity) to make use of			
		the land of another property owner for a limited purpose, such as a Right-of-	-		
		Way or Public-Use Easement. Easements may be specified for a fixed period	l		
		of time, a fixed but renewable duration, or be set in perpetuity. (Crystal City			
		Sector Plan)			
2.4 sense of place		the experiential quality of an urban setting that fosters a sense of genuine			
		human connection and belonging, making one feel that a place is distinctive			
		and unique. (Crystal City Sector Plan)			
2.5 civic green		describe a formally configured, small public lawn or park that is primarily			
		unpaved. (Columbia Pike Commercial Centers Form Based Code)			
2.6 pedestrian pathway		Interconnecting paved ways that provide pedestrian and bicycle passage			
		through blocks running from a street to either a street, alley or an interior			
		block parking area. The area within a pedestrian pathway shall be a public			
		access easement or public right of way. The easement width for these			
		pathways shall not be less than 20 feet with a paved walkway not less than 1	10		
		feet wide, except where otherwise specified on the regulating plan, and shal	I		
		provide an unobstructed view straight through their entire length. (Columbia	a		
		Pike Commercial Centers Form Based Code)			

erm	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources Loca	ation in PSMP Update	Comments
2.7 street		Includes all public space (streets, squares, pedestrian pathways, civic greens,	·	
		parks)—including any transit service operator passenger platform—but not		
		garage entries or alleys. (Columbia Pike Commercial Centers Form Based		
		Code)		
2.8 streetscape		the urban element that establishes the major part of the public realm. The		
		streetscape is composed of thoroughfares (travel lanes for vehicles and		
		bicycles, parking lanes for cars), public frontage (sidewalks, shy zones) as well		
		as the visible private frontages (building facades and elevations, yards, fences,		
		awnings, etc.), and the amenities of the public frontages (street trees and		
		plantings, benches, streetlights, etc.). (Crystal City Sector Plan)		
2.0 stroot space		All chass forward of and between required building lines, including but not		
2.9 street-space		All space forward of and between required building lines, including but not		
		limited to streets, Plazas, pedestrian pathways, Mini-Parks, Neighborhood		
		Parks, sidewalks, and transit service operator passenger platforms, but not garage entries or alleys. (Columbia Pike Neighborhood Form Based Code)		
		garage entries of aneys. (Columbia Fixe Neighborhood Form based Code)		
2.10 centering space		Centering spaces are prominently located, highly visible, primarily hardscape		
		spaces defined by public streets and buildings with active ground floor uses.		
		These are spaces that attract and accommodate major public activities and		
		provide sites for special events, art installations, and community gatherings.		
		Such spaces should provide seating, public art, and facilities to support special		
		events and activities, and could include space-activating elements such as		
		fountains or spaces to stage events. (Clarendon Sector Plan)		
2.11 urban park		those serving the needs of both surrounding neighborhoods and the core		
2.11 diban park		area's residential and work populations. These parks should be planned and		
		designed to provide an array of public space activities and programs. Open,		
		landscaped areas, as well as multi-use, basketball courts, handball courts,		
		community fields, community canine areas, tennis courts, circuit courses and		
		climbing walls, should be considered for these urban parks to promote		
		activity, exercise, and foster a sense of safety. Urban parks should be located		
		along primary pedestrian and bicycle ways and offer green spaces with shade		
		trees and seating. (Clarendon Sector Plan)		
		a coo and cooling (continued to the cooling to the		
2.12 preserved natural area (see al		Undeveloped areas that are characterized as having a mix of mature trees,		
natural lands, natural resource	s)	dense tree canopy, steep slopes, hydrological features (such as wetlands or		
		seep), or Resource Protection Areas (RPA). These areas are in private		
		ownership and have limited accessibility. Preserving these lands and engaging		
		in invasive plant removal will enhance the local ecology, absorb stormwater		
		runoff, provide wildlife, and enhance the community's open space network.		
		(Columbia Pike Neighborhood Form Based Code)		

Term	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments
3.1 green space		Community space consisting of land (such as parks) rather than buildings.		
		(Merriam-Webster Dictionary)		
		[Greenspaces] broadly encompass publicly accessible areas with natural		
		vegetation, such as grass, plants or trees [and may include] built environment		
		features, such as urban parks, as well as less managed areas, including		
		woodland and nature reserves. (K. Lachowycz, A.P. Jones, Towards a better		
		understanding of the relationship between greenspace and health:		
		Development of a theoretical framework, Landscape and Urban Planning, 118		
		(2013), pp. 62–69)		
		Green space is defined as any vegetated land adjoining an urban areaand		
		includes bushland, nature reserves, national parks, outdoor sports fields,		
		school playgrounds and rural or semi-rural areas immediately adjoining an		
		urban area. (Chong et al., 2013, Neighbourhood safety and area deprivation		
		modify the associations between parkland and psychological distress in		
		Sydney, Australia)		
3.2 open space	Land that is protected by the government for public use and cannot have any	Open space is any open piece of land that is undeveloped (has no buildings or		
	buildings or roads built on it.	other built structures) and is accessible to the public. Open space can include:		
		green space, schoolyards, playgrounds, public seating areas, public plazas,		
		vacant lots. Open space provides recreational areas for residents and helps to		
		enhance the beauty and environmental quality of neighborhoods. (EPA)		
	Outdoor space that is used for recreation, leisure, or conservation irrespective	<u> </u>		
	of ownership or public accessibility.	-		

4: Terms not considered				
Term	Potential Definition	Definition from Other Arlington Plans or Other Sources	Location in PSMP Update	Comments
4.1 active space		Active recreational uses of open space land include primarily programmed		
		activities. Designated Active Use includes: atheletic fields (baseball, football,		
		soccer, softball, multi-use); court sports (basketball, multi-use, tennis,		
		volleyball); facilities that support such activities (batting cages, press box,		
		spectator seating); fenced dog park, swimming pools (kiddie, full size);		
		peformance space; playgrounds (sandbox, tot lot, playground); and		
		skateboard parks. (Alexandria Open Space Master Plan 2017 Implementation		
		Strategy)		
4.2 passive space		Passive recreation uses of open space include primarily unpogrammed uses		
		and activities. Passive Use amenities include agardens or garden plots, picnic		
		shelters, natural areas, trails, and unfenced dog parks. (Alexandria Open Space	e	
		Master Plan 2017 Implementation Strategy)		
4.3 neighborhood park		A public open space as regulated by this Code. Neighborhood Parks are		
		generally larger and have less paved surface area than Mini-Parks or Plazas.		
		(Columbia Pike Neighborhood Form Based Code)		
4.4 community park				
4.5 mini park		A public open space as regulated by this Code. A formally configured small		
		public lawn or park that is primarily unpaved. (Columbia Pike Neighborhod		
		Form Based Code)		
4.6 urban				
4.7 suburban				
4.8 unprogrammed spaces				